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COMET P/2005 SB₂₁₆ (LONEOS)

An apparently asteroidal object discovered by the LONEOS project that was designated 2005 SB₂₁₆ by the Minor Planet Center (discovery position below from *MPS* 144403) has been found to show cometary appearance. S. Foglia, Novara Veveri, Italy, reports that CCD observations that he obtained with G. Galli, S. Minuto, and D. Crespi using a 0.40-m f/4 reflector on 2005 Dec. 7 and 29 show the object to be slightly diffuse; Foglia adds that CCD frames taken by L. Buzzi with a 0.60-m f/4.6 reflector at Varese on 2006 Feb. 4.8 UT also show diffuseness. F. Bernardi, D. J. Tholen, and J. Pittichová, University of Hawaii (UH), report that two *R*-band 600-s exposures taken with the UH 2.2-m reflector at Mauna Kea on Feb. 7.27 show the object to be fuzzy and slightly elongated ~ 2".7 in p.a. ~ 78°; in an aperture of 4".4, the magnitude was 19.2.

2005 UT	α_{2000}	δ_{2000}	Mag.
Sept.30.38046	$0^{h}54^{m}39\overset{s}{.}28$	$+14^{\circ}22^{'}54^{''}_{3}$	19.1

The following orbital elements are taken from *MPEC* 2006-C48:

Epoch = 2007 Mar. 1.0 TT

	T	=	2007 Feb. 11.	3910 Т	Т	ω	=	$83^{\circ}.5889$)
	e	=	0.463528			Ω	=	1.6983	2000.0
	q	=	$3.817862 \ \mathrm{AU}$			i	=	24.0974	J
a	=	7.	116613 AU	$n^{\rm o}$ =	0.0519	151		P = 1	8.98 years

SUPERNOVAE 2006Y AND 2006Z

Two apparent supernovae have been reported: 2006Y by P. Luckas, O. Trondal, and M. Schwartz (cf. *IAUC* 8655; unfiltered CCD frames, 0.35-m Tenagra telescope at Perth) and 2006Z by the SDSS collaboration (found in spectra; communicated by M. SubbaRao, University of Chicago and Adler Planetarium; cf. *IAUC* 8513; *r*-band magnitude given below).

SN	2006	UT	α_{2000}	δ_{2000}	Mag.	$O\!f\!fset$
2006Y	Feb.	3.58	$7^{ m h}13^{ m m}17^{ m s}.19$	$-51^{°}41^{'}18\overset{''}{.}8$	17.7	1".7 W, 5".2 N
2006Z	Feb.	1.51	$13 \ 44 \ 58.07$	$+26 \ 18 \ 25.7$	20.4	

Additional unfiltered magnitudes of 2006Y: Jan. 27.59 UT, [18.5; Feb. 7.60, 17.3. SN 2006Z, which appears to be a type-Ia supernova with an age of $\approx -7 \pm 4$ days after maximum light, is coincident with the center of the host galaxy (r = 17.0 from an image taken on 2004 June 12; z = 0.1232).

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